FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JULY 31, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Trinity HOPE, Inc. Franklin, Tennessee

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Trinity HOPE, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of July 31, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Trinity HOPE, Inc. as of July 31, 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Trinity HOPE, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Trinity HOPE Inc's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Trinity HOPE, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Trinity HOPE, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Bellenfant, PLLC

Nashville, Tennessee January 6, 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

JULY 31, 2022

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,609,637
Accounts Receivable	18,161
Investments	756,911
Total Current Assets	3,384,709
OTHER ASSETS	
Endowment Fund	38,929
Total Other Assets	38,929
Total Assets	\$ 3,423,638
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET AS</u>	<u>SETS</u>
LIABILITIES	
Deferred Revenue	45,644
Total Current Liabilities	45,644
Total Liabilities	45,644
NET ASSETS	
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	3,339,065
Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	38,929
Total Net Assets	3,377,994
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 3,423,638

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2022

	Without Donor		With Donor		TF 4 1	
	Restrictions		Res	Restrictions		Total
REVENUE						
Contributions	\$	3,173,585	\$	-	\$	3,173,585
Campaigns		394,679		-		394,679
Interest		10,098		-		10,098
Investment Change in Value		(121,267)		-		(121,267)
Other Income				733		733
Total Revenue	\$	3,457,095	\$	733	\$	3,457,828
EXPENSES						
Program Services	\$	2,335,439	\$	-	\$	2,335,439
Management and General		35,138		-		35,138
Fundraising		32,500				32,500
Total Expenses		2,403,077				2,403,077
Change in Net Assets		1,054,018		733		1,054,751
Net Assets, beginning of the year		2,285,047		38,196		2,323,243
Net Assets, end of the year	\$	3,339,065	\$	38,929	\$	3,377,994

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2022

	Management Program and						
	Program Services		and General		Fundraising		Total
Feeding Programs	\$	2,156,679	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,156,679
Travel		-		2,348		-	2,348
Bank Fees		5,450		210		-	5,660
Postage		884		198		1,271	2,353
Salaries		151,721		21,114		14,014	186,849
Payroll Taxes		11,607		1,615		1,072	14,294
Newsletters and Mailings		2,812		-		15,473	18,285
Website and Online Fees		4,435		257		-	4,692
Software		66		300		-	366
Insurance		-		1,316		-	1,316
Equipment		1,785		-		-	1,785
Professional Fees		-		5,000		-	5,000
Office Expenses				2,780		670	 3,450
Total Expenses	\$	2,335,439	\$	35,138	\$	32,500	\$ 2,403,077

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in Net Assets	\$ 1,054,751
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided (used) by operations:	
Investment Interest and Dividends Unrealized/Realized Gain (Loss)	(22,438) 135,472
(Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivable	(9,820)
Increase (Decrease) in: Deferred Revenue	 5,783
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	 1,163,748
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Increase in Endowment Accounts Investment Fees	 (733) 8,233
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 7,500
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	1,171,248
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of the year	 1,438,389
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of the year	\$ 2,609,637

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JULY 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

Trinity HOPE, Inc. ("the Organization") was incorporated during July 2005 in accordance with the Tennessee General Corporation Act. Its primary purpose is to feed the children of Haiti and teach Christian beliefs.

Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Organization are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is generally recognized when earned. Expenses are generally recognized when incurred.

Financial statement presentation follows the requirements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification Topic related to Presentation of Financial Statements of Notfor-Profit Organizations. Under the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets; net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions - These are net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. The Organization had \$3,339,065 of net assets without donor restrictions as of July 31, 2022.

Net assets with donor restrictions - These are net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met, either by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time. This classification also includes net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may be maintained permanently by the Organization. Generally, donors of these assets permit the Organization to use all or part of the income earned for general or specific purposes. The Organization had \$38,929 of net assets with donor restrictions as of July 31, 2022.

The Organization accounts for contributions in accordance with the requirements of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification Revenue Recognition Topic. In accordance with the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, contributions received are recorded depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JULY 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Organization considers all cash funds, cash bank accounts and highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity when purchased of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. The cash accounts are held primarily by financial institutions and at times may exceed amounts that are federally insured.

Investments

The Organization accounts for investments in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification topic relating to Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations. Under FASB Accounting Standards Codification, investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are valued at their fair market values in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the statement of activities.

Investment income and unrealized gains and losses are reported as changes in unrestricted net assets. Investment income and gains restricted by a donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions are met in the reporting period in which the income and gains are reported.

Income Taxes

The Organization has qualified for tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. It has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation.

The Organization has evaluated its tax positions in accordance with the Codification Standard relating to Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. The Organization believes that it has taken no uncertain tax positions.

The Organization files a U.S. Federal Form 990-Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax. The Organization's returns for the years prior to fiscal year 2019 are no longer open for examination.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue Recognition - The Organization's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

Contributions - Contributions are recorded as revenue in the period that the related services are rendered.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JULY 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Campaigns - Campaign donations are recorded as revenue in the period that the related services are rendered.

Performance Obligations and Revenue Recognition - A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is the unit of account under ASC 606. The transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. The Organization's revenue within the scope of ASC 606 consists of contributions and campaigns. The contract obligations related to these services are satisfied when the services are rendered.

Practical Expedients and Exemptions - There are several practical expedients and exemptions allowed under ASC 606 that impact timing of revenue recognition and disclosures. There were no practical expedients or exemptions that were applied for the year ended July 31, 2022.

Revenues from non-exchange transcations (contributions and campaigns) may be subject to conditions, in the form of both a barrier to entitlement and a refund of amounts paid (or a release from obligation to make future payments). Revenues from conditional non-exchange transactions are recognized when the barrier is satisfied.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JULY 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Donated Services

Donated services are recognized as contributions in accordance with SFAS No. 116, Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made, if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) required specialized skills are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization. Volunteers have provided various services throughout the year that are not recognized as contributions in the financial statements since the recognition citeria under SFAS No. 116 were not met.

Change in Accounting Principle

In September 2020, FASB issued ASU 2020-07, Gifts-In-Kind Presentation and Disclosure. The standard requires that all gifts-in-kind to be disclosed as a separate line item on the Statement of Activities as well as a disclosure in the notes of the financial statements segregating and disclosing each category of gifts-in-kind received during the fiscal year. This distinction will provide more transparency on non-monetary revenues received by the Organization. ASU 2020-07 is effective for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2022.

Accounting Policies for Future Pronouncements

In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. The standard requires all leases with lease terms over 12 months to be capitalized as a right of use asset and lease liability on the balance sheet at the date of lease commencement. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating. This distinction will be relevant for the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. This standard will be effective for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2023. The Organization is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of this ASU on the financial statements.

2. CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

Certificates of deposit totaled \$430,898 as of July 31, 2022 are included in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements. The certificates bear interest at various rates and maturities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JULY 31, 2022

3. FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

The Organization's investments are reported at fair value in the accompanying statements of financial position.

	Fair Value Measurements at July 31, 2022							
			Quo	Quoted Prices				
			Iı	In Active Significant				
			Markets for		O	ther	Sign	nificant
				Identical		ervable	Unob	servable
			Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2)		Inputs (Level 3)	
	Fa	air Value						
Money Markets	\$	15,021	\$	15,021	\$	-	\$	-
Equities		496,587		496,587		-		-
Fixed Income		245,303		245,303		-		
		_						
	\$	756,911	\$	756,911	\$	-	\$	-

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification Topic related to Fair Value Measurements, establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority, Level 2 inputs consist of observable inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets, and Level 3 inputs have the lowest priority. The Organization uses the appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its investments. Level 3 inputs were only used when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs were not available.

Level 2 Fair Value Measurements - The fair value of the investments are based on inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly, or indirectly.

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements - The fair value of the investments are based on at least one significant unobservable input.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JULY 31, 2022

4. ENDOWMENT

The Organization has established an endowment fund. The primary purpose is to help fulfill its mission. Gifts are accepted for either general feeding program expenses or administrative expenses. Distribution is allowed only from earnings or appreciation of principal. Distributions are not allowed from the corpus.

	Cash		Insurance		Total	
Endowment Fund, July 31, 2021	\$	20,250	\$	17,946	\$	38,196
Increase in Cash Value - Life Insurance				733		733
Endowment Fund, July 31, 2022	\$	20,250	\$	18,679	\$	38,929

A "quasi" endowment fund is established by the Organization and designates funds as Endowment Funds and/or a donor makes unrestricted donations to the Endowment Funds.

A true Endowment Fund is established if a donor makes donations to an Endowment Fund and specifies that the donations become part of the Endowment Fund and often puts purposes and/or conditions on its use. Usually, the income can be used for ordinary purposes.

5. UNCERTAINTIES

In March 2020, the World Health Organization made the assessment that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) can be characterized as a pandemic. As a result, the Organization's program services have been partially impacted. The extent to which these events will affect the amounts reported in future financial statements remains uncertain.

6. AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets as of July 31, 2022, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the balance sheet date:

Financial assets, at year-end	\$ 3,405,477
Accounts Receivable	18,161
Less: assets unavailable for general expenditures within	
one year, due to donor-imposed restrictions	 (38,929)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for	
general expenditures within one year	\$ 3,384,709

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JULY 31, 2022

6. AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

There is an adequate amount of financial assets available as of July 31, 2022. The Organization effectively manages its liquid available resources to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of the balance sheet date.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through January 6, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.